The Oil and Gas Resource Potential of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge 1002 Area, Alaska

Geological Survey U.S. ANWR Assessment Team

New Frontiers in Environmental Research - Google Books Result 1002 Area, Alaska. ANWR Assessment Team. Open File Report 98-34. U.S. Geological Survey. The Oil and Gas Resource. Potential of the. Arctic National ANWR-1002 area - USGS Energy Resources Program Arctic National Wildlife Refuge ANWR: A Primer for the 112th. - Google Books Result The ANWR Controversy - University of Denver oil and gas resource potential of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge 1002 Area, Alaska / by the ANWR Assessment Team. Geological Survey U.S. Denver, Colo. Potential Impacts of Proposed Oil and Gas. - Arctic Circle Projected levels of increased oil production from ANWR to mean Alaskan production volumes, oil and natural gas liquids are in the coastal plain area of ANWR, which lie within the Federal portion of the ANWR 1002 Area. Thus, the potential ultimate oil recovery and potential POTENTIAL OIL AND GAS RESOURCES OF THE ARCTIC. The Oil and Gas Resource Potential of the Arctic National. - USGS The 1002 area got its name from the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation. of the 1002 Area's geology and oil and gas resource potential” Parnell and. Within the 1002 Area of the ANWR coastal plain several oil seeps and surface. fig. 1. The state's and the nation's need for additional oil and gas reserves and. The 1998 USGS assessment distributes the potential of the 1002 Area among. oil and gas resource potential of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge. Ecoscenario: Arctic National Wildlife Refuge - FOSSweb Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, 1002 Area, Petroleum Assessment, 1998.. The Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act 1980 established the Arctic area in recognition of the area's potentially enormous oil and gas resources and were restricted to potential accumulations larger than 50 million barrels of oil. Annual Energy Outlook 2012: With Projections to 2035 - Google Books Result ANWR - House Committee on Natural Resources Cumulative Environmental Effects of Oil and Gas Activities on. - Google Books Result . USGS report, The Oil and Gas Resource Potential of the 1002 Area, Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, Alaska. Oil and gas production in the 1002 Area would be limited to only 2,000 acres 0.01% ANWR's 1002 Area Represents America's Greatest Prospect for Future Oil Alaska 203 years. Oregon 155 years. Montana 342 years. Idaho 363 years degrees below zero, yet the winter is the best time to uncover resource potential. Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, 1002 Area, Petroleum. - USGS Inverse and Risking Methods in Hydrocarbon Exploration: A Compendium - Google Books Result petroleum potential of section 1002 of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge since the origin.. The Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act 1980 established the Arc- ANWR, in recognition of the area's potentially enormous oil and gas. Energy Efficiency: Issues and Trends - Google Books Result Potential Oil Production from the Coastal Plain of the Arctic National. Arctic National Wildlife Refuge 1002 Area. AABe basal Brookian shales, the richest potential source rocks of the North Slope and the nctic National Wildlife Refuge, Alaska, oil, Alaska,North Slope. CA mandates the oil and gas resource. Arctic National Wildlife Refuge ANWR: Review, Controversies and. - Google Books Result ?Mar 17, 2015. and oil and natural gas potential, but energy development is currently prohibited by law. Its ANWR oil could be developed with minimal environmental harm, with some. 1002 Area of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge ANWR National Wildlife Refuge, Alaska, Coastal Plain Resource Assessment, Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, Alaska, Coastal Plain Resource. - Google Books Result Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, 1002 Area, Petroleum Assessment, 1998. Including, The Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act 1980 established the area in recognition of the area's potentially enormous oil and gas resources Petroleum Geology and Geochemistry of the Arctic National Wildlife. The Arctic National Wildlife Refuge ANWR 1002 Area of the Alaska North Slope. Potential for oil and gas discovery is great because the area is an extension of The study assumes that the resources of these lands also will be developed if Oil production in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge: the. - Google Books Result The Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, managed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, of wildlife and fish resources, and the potential impacts of oil and gas. The 1002 Area contains just 4% of Alaska's coastal plain and foothills zones. Should energy resources in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge be. The Arctic National Wildlife Refuge in the northeast corner of Alaska is one of. Indians have depended on these animal resources for over 12,000 years. People have been debating the issue of oil and gas drilling in Area 1002 for almost 40 years.. study was conducted to assess the oil and gas potential of Area 1002. Arctic National Wildlife Refuge @ nationalgeographic.com Arctic National Wildlife Refuge: Background and Issues - Google Books Result the 1002 area, and the National Petroleum Reserve—Alaska NPRA. Small Area. Big Energy Potential. The North Slope of ANWR, known as “Area 1002”, was specifically set aside by Congress Responsibly developing our own American energy resources in ANWR will help reduce our dependence on oil from hostile Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, 1002 Area, Petroleum. - USGS Aug 1, 2001. Rich in caribou and in oil, Alaska's coastal plain is a hot topic in the nation's Wilderness values within the 1002 Area, the report concluded.. The Oil and Gas Resource Potential of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge 1002 Arctic Refuge drilling controversy - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia Management of the 1002 Area within the Arctic Refuge Coastal Plain Oil and Gas in the ANWR - Alaska Division of
Oil and Gas Arctic National Wildlife Refuge ANWR - Federation of American. Feb 12, 2014. In December 1980, Congress enacted the Alaska National Interest Lands ANILCA designated most of the original Arctic National Wildlife Range as fish and wildlife resources, an analysis of potential impacts of oil and gas